

Process to Instrument and Piping Valves Double Block and Bleed (DBB)

Monoflange and Pro-Bloc® Valves
Including Low Emissions and API 6A Valves



ENGINEERING YOUR SUCCESS.

Introduction

Parker's range of Process to Instrument valves has evolved and grown over the last two decades. The range has been designed to meet customer requirements for both double block and bleed and single block and bleed valves in all materials used by the industry today. It covers all the pressure requirements for ASME flange ended valves up to class 2500 and for API 6A up to 15K pressures. The bore sizes start at 10mm and are offered in increments up to 54mm (2"). Many of the valves were designed to meet specific customer needs.

One of Parker's unique advantages is the offering of an integral A-LOK® two ferrule fitting or CPI™ single

ferrule fitting connections for remote mounting of an instrument or for sample and injection valves. The specification of the world renowned and universally acceptable Parker compression type connections will improve system performance, increase safety, reduce size and weight and simplify installation which ultimately reduces overall user costs.

Continuous product development may from time to time necessitate changes in the details contained in this catalogue. Parker reserves the right to make such changes at their discretion and without prior notice. All dimensions shown in this catalogue are approximate and subject to change.

Every effort is made to provide sufficient, clear and accurate information to allow the correct selection of product from this catalogue, but ultimately it is the system designer's or user's responsibility to ensure selected product is suitable for the intended application. Should you require further information please do not hesitate to contact your local Parker support.

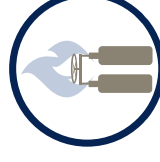
With thousands of distributor outlets and stores worldwide, and hundreds of Parker personnel and locations, Parker also offers the superior advantage of supply and support in your locale.



Upstream Oil & Gas



Downstream Oil & Gas



Industrial Gas

Parker EHS Vision Statement:

Parker recognizes, and believes, in the importance of safeguarding natural resources and the global environment. We are committed to our employees, our communities, and our customers: their health, safety and understanding of the need for environmental stewardship.

We are committed to the concept of continuous improvement in environmental performance. Accordingly, we are committed to the following principles:

- We will seek to comply with environmental, health, and safety laws worldwide.
- We strive to minimize or eliminate the generation of waste.
- We will monitor compliance with environmental, health and safety regulations.

General Technical Information

Design

Parker's Process to Instrument valves are designed to meet the pressure and temperature ratings of ASME B16.34 Class 2500. Conformity to the recommendations of MSS SP-99 is also assured.

- Parker's Pro-Bloc® EP series valves conform to the EEMUA 182 specification for integral block and bleed valve manifolds for direct connection to pipework. This specification covers manifolds comprising two or more isolating valves and a vent valve, in an integral body, intended for the following applications:
- Having an inlet directly connected to the process pipework and an outlet connection not larger than DN 50 (NPS 2), whose principal use is as a replacement for individual block and bleed valves at tapping points in piping systems.
 - Arrangements having an inlet and outlet directly connected to the process pipework, whose principal use is for equipment or process isolation.

Code/Specification	Description
EEMUA 182	Specification for Integral Block and Bleed Valve Manifolds for Direct Connection to Pipework
ASME B16.34/ ASME VIII Div. I	Valves - Flanged, Threaded and Welding End
ASME B16.5	Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings
NACE MR0175 / ISO 15156	Petroleum and Natural Gas Industries - Materials for use in H2S - Containing Environments in Oil and Gas Production
API 598	Valves Inspection and Testing
API 607 / ISO 10497	Fire Test of Soft-Seated Quarter Turn Valves Fire Type-Testing Requirements
MSS SP-25	Standard Marking Systems for Valves, Fittings, Flange and Unions
MSS SP-61	Pressure Testing of Valves
MSS SP-99	Instrument Valves
ISO 15848	Industrial valves— Measurement, test and qualification procedures for fugitive emissions
TA Luft	TA-Luft 2002, Absatz 5.2.6.4 und VDI 2440 (Ausgabe Nov. 2000), Absatz 3.3.1.3

Materials of Construction

All materials are purchased from long standing reputable sources, conforming not only to recognised national/international standards, but also to additional requirements imposed by Parker to assure suitability/usability across the widest spectrum of user applications.

A range of techniques and processes including PMI (Positive Material Identification) are used to validate all incoming material supplies, segregation, storage and maintenance of product quality.

Body material options

Material Group	Material Designator	UNS No.	ASTM Material Grade
Carbon Steel	A105 / A350-LF2	UNS 1.0482	A105
Austenitic Stainless Steel	316/316L Dual Certified	UNS S31600	A479 Gr 316
		UNS S31603	A479 Gr 316L
Super Austenitic Stainless Steel	6Mo	UNS S31254	A479/A276
		UNS S31803	A479/A276
Austenitic-Ferritic Steel (Duplexes)	Duplex 22Cr	UNS S32750	A479/A276
		UNS S32760	A479/A276
Nickel Alloy	Alloy 825	UNS N08825	ASTM B425
Nickel Alloy	Alloy 625	UNS N06625	ASTM B446

All materials will meet (as applicable) the requirements of NACE MR0103/MR0175 and ISO 15156. They are further supplied as per Norsok M650/M630 as required.

Flange Connections

Pressure-temperature ratings for flanges ASME/ANSI B 16.5

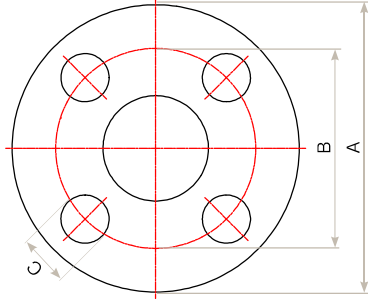
Parker's Process to Instrument valves carry the pressure-temperature ratings of their flange end interface according to ASME B16.5 dimensional specifications and pressure ratings.

Flange Material	°C	-29	38	50	100	150	200	250
	°F	-20	100	122	212	302	392	482
Working Pressure - PSI (bar)								
Class 150								
Carbon Steel		284 (19.6)	284 (19.6)	278 (19.2)	257 (17.7)	229 (15.8)	200 (13.8)	175 (12.1)
316/316L St.Steel		276 (19.0)	276 (19.0)	267 (18.4)	235 (16.2)	215 (14.8)	199 (13.7)	175 (12.1)
Duplex		290 (20.0)	290 (20.0)	283 (19.5)	257 (17.7)	229 (15.8)	200 (13.8)	175 (12.1)
Class 300								
Carbon Steel		741 (51.1)	741 (51.1)	727 (50.1)	676 (46.6)	654 (45.1)	635 (43.8)	608 (41.9)
316/316L St.Steel		719 (49.6)	719 (49.6)	698 (48.1)	612 (42.2)	558 (38.5)	518 (35.7)	484 (33.4)
Duplex		750 (51.7)	750 (51.7)	750 (51.7)	735 (50.7)	666 (45.9)	619 (42.7)	587 (40.5)
Class 600								
Carbon Steel		1481 (102.1)	1481 (102.1)	1453 (100.2)	1352 (93.2)	1308 (90.2)	1270 (87.6)	1271 (83.9)
316/316L St.Steel		1440 (99.3)	1440 (99.3)	1395 (96.2)	1224 (84.4)	1117 (77.0)	1034 (71.3)	969 (66.8)
Duplex		1500 (103.4)	1500 (103.4)	1500 (103.4)	1469 (101.3)	1333 (91.9)	1237 (85.3)	1173 (80.9)
Class 900								
Carbon Steel		2222 (153.2)	2222 (153.2)	2181 (150.4)	2028 (139.8)	1961 (135.2)	1906 (131.4)	1824 (125.8)
316/316L St.Steel		2159 (148.9)	2159 (148.9)	2093 (144.3)	1836 (126.6)	1675 (115.5)	1552 (107.0)	1452 (100.1)
Duplex		2249 (155.1)	2249 (155.1)	2249 (155.1)	2204 (152.0)	1999 (137.8)	1856 (128.0)	1761 (121.4)
Class 1500								
Carbon Steel		3703 (255.3)	3703 (255.3)	3634 (250.6)	3379 (233.0)	3269 (225.4)	3176 (219.0)	3041 (209.7)
316/316L St.Steel		3600 (248.2)	3600 (248.2)	3489 (240.6)	3060 (211.0)	2792 (192.5)	2586 (178.3)	2421 (166.9)
Duplex		3750 (258.6)	3750 (258.6)	3750 (258.6)	3674 (253.3)	3330 (229.6)	3093 (213.3)	2934 (202.3)
Class 2500								
Carbon Steel		6171 (425.5)	6171 (425.5)	6058 (417.7)	5632 (388.3)	5447 (375.6)	5294 (365.0)	5069 (349.5)
316/316L St.Steel		6000 (413.7)	6000 (413.7)	5814 (400.9)	5099 (351.6)	4653 (320.8)	4310 (297.2)	4033 (278.1)
Duplex		6249 (430.9)	6249 (430.9)	6249 (430.9)	6123 (422.2)	5550 (382.7)	5154 (355.4)	4890 (337.2)

General Technical Information

Flange Connections

Flange dimensions



Nominal Pipe Size inch	Dimensions inch (mm)			Number of Mounting Holes
	A	B	C	
Class 150				
1/2	3 1/2 (88.9)	2 3/8 (60.5)	1/2	4
3/4	3 7/8 (98.6)	2 3/4 (69.8)	1/2	4
1	4 1/4 (108)	3 1/8 (79.2)	1/2	4
1 1/2	5 (127)	3 7/8 (98.6)	1/2	4
2	6 (152)	4 3/4 (121)	5/8	4
Class 300/Class 600				
1/2	3 3/5 (95.2)	2 5/8 (66.5)	1/2	4
3/4	4 5/8 (117)	3 1/4 (82.6)	5/8	4
1	4 7/8 (124)	3 1/2 (88.9)	5/8	4
1 1/2	6 1/8 (155)	4 1/2 (114)	3/4	4
2	6 1/2 (165)	5 (127)	5/8	8
Class 900/Class 1500				
1/2	4 3/4 (121)	3 1/4 (82.6)	3/4	4
3/4	5 1/8 (130)	3 1/2 (88.9)	3/4	4
1	5 7/8 (149)	4 (102)	7/8	4
1 1/2	7 (178)	4 7/8 (124)	1	4
2	8 1/2 (216)	6 1/2 (165)	7/8	8
Class 2500				
1/2	5 1/4 (134)	3 1/2 (88.9)	3/4	4
3/4	5 1/2 (140)	3 3/4 (95.2)	3/4	4
1	6 1/4 (159)	4 1/4 (108)	7/8	4
1 1/2	8 (203)	5 3/4 (156)	1 1/8	4
2	9 1/4 (235)	6 3/4 (171)	1	8

Note: Dimensions are for reference only and are subject to change.

Meeting the ISO Standard

From 2007 EU's IPPC directive 96/61/EC legislates for the minimisation of pollution from industrial sources (Many other regions and countries have similar legislation). An important part of this legislation is reducing Ultra-Low emissions, which will have significant consequences for all processes. According to the IPPS all plants and factories which fail to comply with the standards set by the directive may be closed from this point.

To put the scale of the challenge into perspective, a typical European refinery loses between 600 and 10,000 tonnes of emissions per annum. Around 70% of these losses are estimated to be caused by plant equipment such as pipe flanges, pumps, valves and vessels. Leakage from valves is often the biggest culprit, reportedly accounting for around 50% of the Ultra-Low emissions within the chemical and petrochemical industries.

Irrespective of the environmental impact, there is a tremendous financial burden on industry because it represents a huge loss of product, and cause of plant inefficiency. However, the true costs to industry are not always appreciated, as many of the costs associated with Ultra-Low emissions are hidden, such as labour and materials to repair leaks, wasted energy, environmental fines and clean up costs, lost sales due to a poor green image, claims for personal injury and more. In this way, reducing Ultra-Low emissions not only protects the environment, but can save companies time and money.

With the above in mind, the legislation introduces a concept of Best Available Technique (BAT), urging plants to find the best available solution for reducing Ultra-Low emissions throughout the process, from areas such as design, product selection, fitting and fitter training, to maintenance, site monitoring, and so on.

With regard to the design and site monitoring of Ultra-Low emissions ISO 15848 parts 1 and 2 have been developed respectively.

Part 1 covers the classification system and qualification procedure for type testing of valves. The standard specifies three tightness classes of leakage with respect to stem sealing diameter. These classes are class A, B and C. Class A having the smallest environmental leakage. Each class level is one hundred fold lower than the class above i.e. a class B product may have a leakage of 100 times that of a class A product. The standard also specifies the duty that the valve has been tested to.

Parker Hannifin is now able to offer our full range of

flanged products with a class A approval to ISO 15848-1. These products are identified as the Ultra-Low Emissions range and are certified as ISO FE AH-C01-SSA1-t (RT,180°C)-ANSI2500-ISO 15848-1. This states that the product has been classified as meeting the ISO 15848-1 standard with the following criteria;

- Class A tested with Helium
- Endurance class C01 – a mechanical valve which has been tested throughout 500 mechanical actuations with two thermal cycles
- Temperature class RT-180°C – Fully thermal cycled and tested from -29°C to +180°C Pressure class ANSI 2500 – 6000 psi in 316 st.st.

Part 2 of the standard covers production acceptance testing of valves. This production testing can only be carried out to product which has already been approved to part 1 of the standard. Production testing can be carried out to and sampling percentage specified by the purchaser with a minimum of one per lot. The production testing is a simpler helium sniffer test which is carried out at room temperature with no mechanical actuations.





ISO 15848 standard

ISO 15848 parts 1&2 (defining a classification system and qualification procedures, and production acceptance test of industrial valves, respectively) specify new Ultra-Low standards for emissions. This standard is becoming the requirement for oil and gas and petrochemical organisations worldwide. The standard was originally created for process valves and control valves but is now being applied to Instrumentation valves which include primary isolation valves, especially on environmentally sensitive projects.

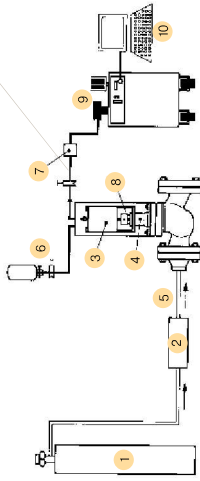
Meeting these low levels is a challenge, which Parker Instrumentation has solved with the new ball and needle valve designs used in these Double Block and Bleed valves and monoflanges. These designs meet the highest class 'A' level over the temperature range -29°C to +180°C celsius, alongside the standard instrumentation manifold pressure ranges.

Production testing and certification is available upon request. Please specify sample quantity required for production testing with your order.

O-ring material grade is a fluoroelastomer FKM tetrapolymer, specially formulated for explosive decompression (ED) resistance. The seals are qualified to the stringent Norsok M-710 standard that covers both ED resistance and sour gas (H₂S) ageing tests.

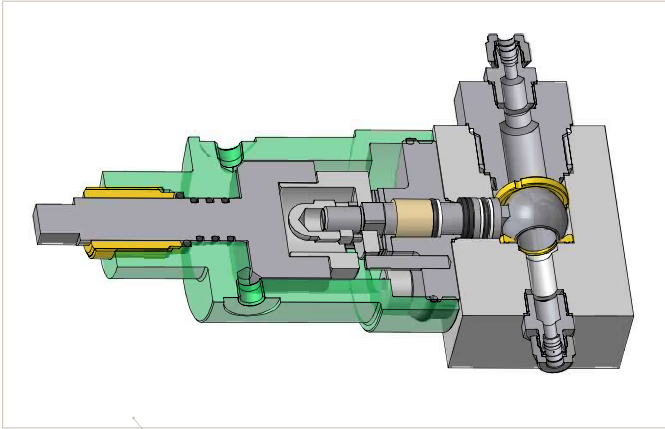
Features

- Class 'A' leakage rates achieved
- Bolted ball valve bonnet assembly
- All threads sealed from the media
- All ball valves are bi-directional
- Firesafe design available



Prototype testing schematic as per ISO 15848-1

Reference	Description
1	Helium at 97% purity
2	Pressure control
3	Actuator
4	Vacuum
5	Helium
6	Standard calibrated leak
7	Vacuum safety
8	Tested stem sealing
9	Helium mass spectrometer
10	Data acquisition



Ball valve ISO 15848-1
Prototype testing assembly

Monoflange

MF Series

Overview

Parker's monoflange allows a safe removal of a pressure measuring device such as a transmitter or a gauge. "In situ" instrument calibration can also be achieved by using the monoflange vent as the test port. The compact single piece construction offers space and weight saving benefits over the traditional method of using two or three separate valves fabricated to create block and bleed or double block and bleed.



Monoflange with Outside Screw & Yoke (OS&Y) valve primary isolation



Monoflange with needle valve (H Series) primary isolation

These manifolds can be mounted directly onto a vertical or horizontal flange (dual outlet arrangement).

Parker are able to supply monoflange valves with integral ended compression fittings, removing the need for NPT threads and associated sealant or tape.

Markets / Applications

- Oil & Gas Upstream
- Oil & Gas Downstream
- Petrochemical
- Chemical
- Industrial Gas

Design Standards

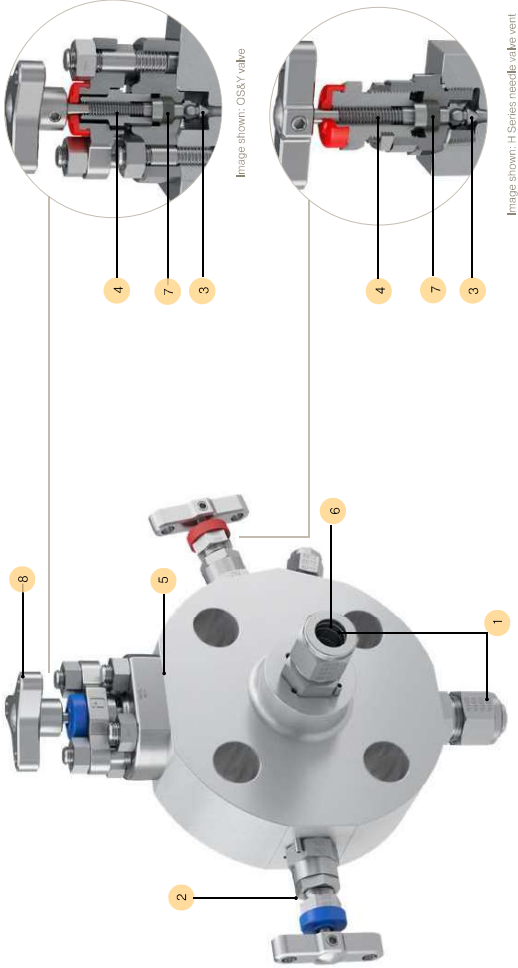
- Flange geometry and thickness: ANSI B16.5
- Pressure/temperature boundary designs: ASME VIII Div. 1; verified by testing
- Fire safe: API 6FA and API 607
- NACE

Technical Specifications

Seat material	Metal to Metal
Packing material	PTFE (standard), Graphite (optional)
Stem Tip	17-4PH St. St (standard) PEEK (optional)
Body materials	Stainless Steel ASTM A182-F316/F316L Alloy M400 Duplex A182-F51 Super Duplex ASTM A182-F53/F55 Alloy C276 Low Temp Carbon Steel ASTM A350 LF2 / ASTM A105 6Mo Alloy 625 Alloy 825
Max. Working Temperature	PTFE packing: 260°C (500°F) Graphite packing: 538°C (1000°F)
Min. Working Temperature	-54°C (-65°F)
Max. Working Pressure	6,249 PSI (431 bar)

Features, Benefits and Values

Reference	Feature	Benefit	Value
	Compact design combining multiple valves into one body	Space and weight saving Reduction in potential leak paths	Safety Reliability Lower overall cost
1	Dual outlet option	Enables both horizontal and vertical mount of the instrument gauge or transmitter	Ease of Operation
2	Incorporation of Parker H Series needle valve technology	Proven performance of a technology utilised across a wide range of products	Performance & Reliability
3	Self-centering, non-rotating stem tip	Bubble-light shut off	Performance & Reliability
4	All stem threads are internal on the Outside Screw and Yoke (OS&Y) valve and protected from the environment	Prevents ingress of external moisture or contamination to the stem threads	Performance & Reliability Safety
5	No gap between body and bonnet on the OS&Y valve	Prevents ingress of external moisture or contamination to the bonnet studs	Performance & Reliability Safety
6	Integral compression ends available (A-LOK®, CPI™)	Reduces leak paths Removes the need for PTFE tape and sealant Reduces component costs	Performance & Reliability Lower overall cost
7	Gland packing below stem threads preventing thread lubricant wash-out	No system contamination	Safety Performance & Reliability
8	Tri-lobe handle on the OS&Y valve	Prevents over-torquing of the valve	Safety
	Metal identification label	Identifies product part number, flow paths, material and temperature	Safety



Monoflange with Outside Screw & Yoke (OS&Y) valve primary isolation

Monoflange

MF Series

Technical Information

Bill of Materials

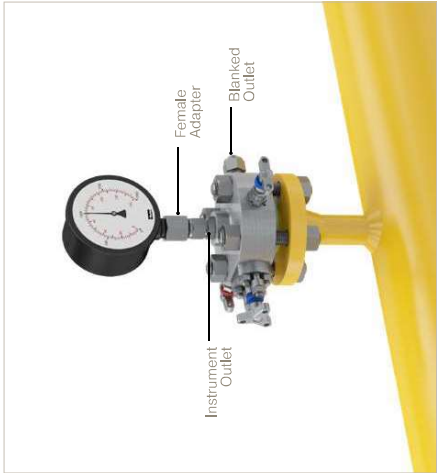
Description	St.Stl	CRA-NiCu	Duplex	Super Duplex	CRA-NiMoCr	Titanium	6MO	Alloy 825	Alloy 625
Body	316 St.Stl ASTM A479	Alloy M400	Duplex UNS 31803	Super Duplex UNS S32750/32760	Alloy C276	Titanium GR-2	6MO	Alloy 825	Alloy 625
Tip	17-4PH St.Stl	Alloy K500	Duplex UNS S32750/32760	Alloy 625	Alloy B3	Titanium GR-5	DUPLEX UNS S32750/32760	Alloy 625	Alloy 718
Joint Seal	316 St.Stl ASTM A479	Alloy M400	6MO	Alloy 625	Alloy C276	Alloy 825	6MO	Alloy 825	Alloy 625
Packing	PTFE / Graphite								
Thrust Bush	316 St.Stl								
Stem	316 St.Stl ASTM A479	Alloy M400	Duplex UNS 31803	Super Duplex UNS S32750/32760	Alloy C276	Titanium GR-2	6MO	Alloy 825	Alloy 625
Gland Adjuster	316 St.Stl								
Handle	A4-50 St.Stl								
Grub Screw	LDPE - Coloured								
Dust Cap	316 St.Stl								
Lock Nut	316 St.Stl								
Bonnet	316 St.Stl ASTM A479	Alloy M400	Duplex UNS 31803	Super Duplex UNS S32750/32760	Alloy C276	Titanium GR-2	6MO	Alloy 825	Alloy 625
Stud (OS&Y)	316 St.Stl								
Stud Nut (OS&Y)	316 St.Stl								
Yoke/bridge (OS&Y)	316L St.Stl								

Dual Outlet Option for Vertical or Horizontal Mount

For ease of installation and reading of the pressure gauge, Parker monoflanges are available in dual outlet arrangements allowing for either vertical or horizontal mounting with the gauge fitted on either the outer diameter of the body or the front face of the monoflange.



Monoflange with a dual outlet option mounted directly to a vertical pipe.



Monoflange with a dual outlet option mounted directly to a horizontal pipe.

Gauge Mounting

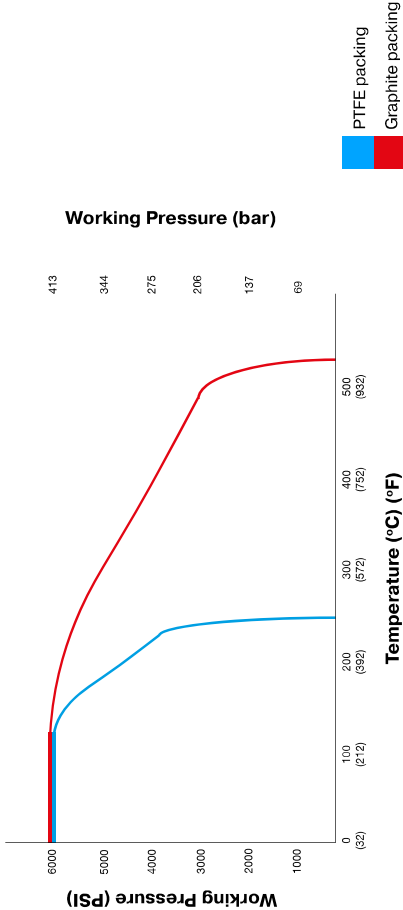
Parker's female adapters A-LOK® and CPI™ series enable the gauge to be assembled into the monoflange valve outlet, whilst providing accurate orientation of the gauge. The adapters are available in NPT, BSPT and BSPP connections.

Simply screw the gauge into the selected adapter, then insert the machined tube end into the fitting, orientate the gauge and tighten the fitting as per assembly instructions. This method removes the need for a swivel gauge adapter.



Parker's tube end female adapter A-LOK® series

Pressure-Temperature Ratings for Packing



Monoflange

MF Series

PTFree connect™

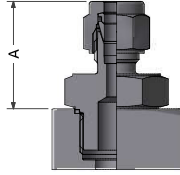


The PTFree connect™ method enables users to assemble tube lines to any of the monoflange ports without the need for PTFE tape or liquid sealant.

These will be factory fitted, pin locked and pressure tested.

Some size restrictions may be necessary due to the close proximity of some connections and the across flat hexagon dimensions. The PTFree connect™ male connector outlets are 1/2" or 12mm O.D. and vents are 1/4" or 6mm O.D.

PTFree connect™ male connector
(Code PFC)



Tube size	Dimension (A)	
6mm	26.90mm	0.95"
1/4"	24.10mm	0.84"
10mm/3/8"	27.70mm	1.09"
12mm/1/2"	30.30mm	1.20"

Dual Instrument Mounting

Parker's monoflanges are available with two separate instrument outlets. Both outlets have their own double block and bleed flow path with a common vent. By incorporating two instruments into one flanged body only one flanged outlet is required from the process line, instead of using two monoflanges (one for each instrument).

This configuration enables two pressure measuring devices to be mounted onto the valve, giving the user assurance of continuous operation in the event of one of the devices failing. It also allows double verification of the measurement reading. Each separate instrument can be safely removed for calibration or replacement by isolating and venting the valves relating to that instrument, leaving the remaining instrument in operation.

Please consult your local Parker support.

Monoflange with dual instrument (MFY170), Contact Parker.

Close-Coupled Techniques for Instrument Mounting

Innovations in the design of block and bleed valves for mounting pressure transmitters can deliver significant advantages to both instrument and piping engineers to simplify installation and reduce potential leak paths.

Parker's range of instrument manifold mounting solutions employs close-coupling techniques which reduce or eliminate impulse or gauge lines to improve overall instrument performance and reliability.

The close-coupled technique enables users to connect measuring instrument directly onto the process line via the monoflange valve. The bolted interface between the transmitter and the monoflange eliminates threads, potential thread galling and any need for thread sealants.

There are various possibilities for assembly options utilising the close coupled concept. The following examples demonstrate Pressure and Level measurement assemblies, instrument goes

Static pressure measurement

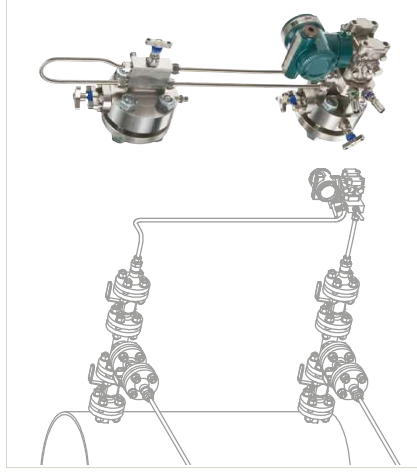


This assembly utilises a Coplanar™ bolted interface between the flanged outlet and the transmitter. Please consult your local Parker support.

Benefits of close coupled assemblies:

- Compact design with fewer components and fewer leak paths
- Elimination of impulse lines and threaded connections
- Elimination of brackets
- Space savings
- Simplified installation

Level measurement



This assembly combines wet and dry leg installations. The close coupled assembly mounted at the bottom of the tank consists of an instrument manifold and a piping isolation monoflange in a single-piece machined unit and the differential pressure transmitter directly mounted onto it. The assembly is connected to the high pressure leg (or wet leg).

The low pressure (or dry leg) is connected to the monoflange and manifold assembly at the top of the tank.

Please consult your local Parker support.



Learn how to safely remove plugged Monoflange using an integrated Parker Monoball solution. Click here to watch the video.

Scan the QR code to watch the video.

Monoflange

MF Series

Ordering Information

MF

Y

100

E

Series

Monoflange

MF

1st Isolate

Needle Valve

OS&Y

H

Y

Material

316 Stainless Steel/316L ASTM A182-F316/F316L

Alloy M400

Duplex ASTM A182-F51

Super Duplex ASTM A182-F53/F55

Alloy C276

Low Temp Carbon Steel ASTM A350 LF2/ ASTM A105

6MO

Alloy 825

Alloy 625

8F150

6S

M12A

A1

Y2

F

Seat Orifice Size

5 mm

6 mm

6S

Valve Packing

PTEE

Graphite

3

Stem Tip

17-4PH St. St.

PEEK

PN

Additional OS&Y

Secondary valve

Vent

All valves

Y2

Y3

Y4

Outlet Connection

1/2" *

6 mm

10 mm

12 mm

8

M6

M10

M12

A-LOK

CPW

A

Z

A

Z

M12

IB

Optional Outlet Connection

PTFree connect™

A-LOK

CPW

12 mm

1/2"

M12

IB

Valve Handle Options

Anti-tamper (vent)

Padlock handle locking

A*

L*

Compliance

Fire Safe*

NACE

Fire Safe* & NACE

FN

Insert valve number:

1 - Primary

2 - Secondary

12 - Primary/Secondary

4 - All

Fire Safe*

(Graphite packing)

NACE

Fire Safe* & NACE

FN

Primary valve only - OS&Y

needle valve

Padlocks not supplied.

Valve Handle Options

Anti-tamper (vent)

Padlock handle locking

A*

L*

Compliance

Fire Safe*

NACE

Fire Safe* & NACE

FN

Insert valve number:

1 - Primary

2 - Secondary

12 - Primary/Secondary

4 - All

Fire Safe*

(Graphite packing)

NACE

Fire Safe* & NACE

FN

Primary valve only - OS&Y

needle valve

Padlocks not supplied.

Flange Details

Flange Size

Flange Style

Flange Class

1/2" *

8

Raised Face Spiral

F

150 *

3/4" *

12

Ring Type Joint *

T

300

300

1"

16

Ring Type Joint *

T

600

600

1 1/2"

24

Ring Type Joint *

T

900

900

2"

32

Ring Type Joint *

T

1500

1500

2500

2500

Optional Vent

1/4" Female NPT

1/2" Female NPT

PTFree connect™

male union

A-LOK

CPW

6 mm

1/4"

M6

I4

Standard vent - No part number designator required.

Plug supplied loose.

Flange x Flange configuration:

For Flange x Flange variants replace 1 (the first digit of the arrangement designator) with 2, i.e. MFH200, MFH220, MFY250



- Notes:
- All non wetted parts will be supplied in standard stainless steel for corrosion resistant alloys. For carbon steel construction trim materials will be supplied in stainless steel
 - Certification requirements and customer specifications MUST be provided at enquiry and order stage
 - For DIN flange requirements full details must be specified separately

Anti-tamper spindle

This design valve head is to prevent accidental opening of the vent. All valves with this anti-tamper spindle are supplied with a key.



T bar handle locking

This design valve head is to prevent unauthorised operation of the valve. The hole size is 6mm (0.24"). Padlocks are not provided.



Key

The Key is necessary to open or close the anti-tamper spindle (vent valve). The Key is also available to purchase as a separate item. Please note, image of the key is not to scale compared with the anti-tamper spindle.



Complementary Products for Complete Installation Solutions

Flushing Rings (Spoofs)

Flushing Rings, historically referred to as drip rings are used between an isolation valve and the diaphragm seal of a pressure transmitter. Side ports on the rings allow media to be injected/ejected so that the diaphragm seal can be flushed free of deposits that affect transmitter measurement accuracy.

Parker offers a bespoke range of flushing rings in number of different styles and configurations. Historically, drip rings are secured between the two raised faces only and held in position by the force exerted through the bolts. The Parker Flushing Ring solution is held in place by the through bolting, this allows for ease of installation and give positive locating. Options with this range of flushing rings include captive studs. This gives the added benefit of the flushing ring staying in place if either the process valve side or diaphragm side require removal.

For full details see Data Sheet ref. 4190-FR.

ProSpool

The Parker ProSpool feature a combined, single-piece valve consisting of a double block and bleed configuration with an integral flushing spool. It can be easily installed and, having fewer component parts, reduces inventory and purchase orders.

With the captive stud option torquing of the nuts is simplified. Extremely useful in restricted spaces.

For full details see Data Sheet ref. 4190-PSV.

Ball Valves and Manifolds Hi-Pro Series

These high performance bi-directional Ball Valves & Manifolds offer the user full cold working pressure ratings up to 10,000 psi (689 bar), giving 100% bubble tight shut off and continuous repeatable performance. These products are suitable for the most demanding applications in the oil, gas and process control industries. All valves also meet the requirements of ANSI B31.1 for use in power plants. The design reduces potential body leakage paths to a minimum. With the added opportunity to select Parker Superior Advantage integral compression ends the user can eliminate the use of taper threads and thread sealant, thus avoiding system contamination, reducing leakage paths, installation costs, weight and space.

For full details see Catalogues ref. 4190-HBV and 4190-HBM.

Air Header Distribution Manifolds - LPAHM Series

These air header distribution manifolds are designed to distribute air from the compressor to the actuators on pneumatic instruments, such as steam flow meters, pressure controllers and valve positioners. They are widely used in industrial chemical processing, plastic processing and energy industries and are approved for low pressure applications up to 275 psi. Manufactured from AISI 316 Stainless Steel material, the air header distribution manifolds offer complete customer system compatibility that reduces installation time and potential leak paths. The coded welded construction with non-destructive tested design minimises the number of potential leak paths, rather than fabricating with instrumentation connections with tubing, therefore reducing labour costs. These manifolds are designed for use with air only and are supplied with a number of lockable ball valves on opposite sides, right side or left side only to prevent unauthorized access.

For full details see Catalogue ref. 4190-DM.



Air Header Distribution Manifolds - HPAHM Series

These distribution manifolds are designed for applications that use liquid or gas, low temperature steam and hydraulic actuation. The pressure rating of these manifolds is dictated by the inlet/outlet Flange Class or the thread connection. These distribution manifolds feature an ergonomic vinyl sleeve on the valve handle to provide positive grip and to ensure ease of operation. Each nut has an innovative domed design, which prevents ingress of moisture and contamination of the thread, therefore preventing corrosion. They feature a part-welded construction, with all welds carried out by coded welders, providing assurance of their robustness and performance. These manifolds are NDT (Non-Destructive Testing) applied, giving the customer greater assurance.

For full details see Catalogue ref. 4190-DM.

Hi-Pro Modular Distribution Manifold

Unique to Parker, these manifolds are the ideal choice when ultimate flexibility is required within a distribution manifold. They are approved to operate at pressures up to 6,000 psi and are used extensively in the oil, gas, chemical and petrochemical industries to provide safety and performance. These innovative Hi-Pro modular distribution manifolds can be easily arranged in a layout to suit a wide range of different applications to distribute liquid or gas. They use standard components, therefore making it more affordable for the customer. The Hi-Pro modular distribution manifolds feature an ergonomic vinyl sleeve on the valve handle to provide positive grip and to ensure ease of operation. Each nut is domed in shape, which prevents ingress of moisture and contamination of the thread, which could cause corrosion. This manifold is available with up to 20 valves (even numbers only) - spare valves can be blanked off). Temperature range is up to 232°C with PEEK seats.

For full details see Catalogue ref. 4190-DM.

Lapped Joint Tube Adaptor

Available in the full range of fitting materials and sizes up to 1/2" (M12) as standard, these lapped joint tube adaptors are suitable for applications involving small flanged process valves and offer a simple, safe and effective conversion to instrument lines.

Flange Connector - Flange to Parker Tube Fittings

Offered in a range of materials and with either A-LOK® or CP1™ tube fitting technology, these flange connectors deliver huge flexibility in terms of offering. Tube connections up to 1" (25mm), flange connections up to 2" NB and pressures to ANSI Class 2500 (6,000 PSI Nom.). The one-piece integral connection adaptors allow the safe, easy and efficient transition from process to instrumentation in just one step.